- SECTION 1. Section 29.0162, Education Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:  $\cdot$
- (b) The commissioner by rule shall adopt additional qualifications and requirements for [required of] a representative for purposes of Subsection (a)(2). The rules must:
  - (1) prohibit an individual from being a representative under Subsection (a)(2) opposing a school district if:
    - (A) the individual has prior employment experience with the district; and
    - (B) the district raises an objection to the individual serving as a representative; [and]
    - (2) include requirements that the representative have knowledge of:
      - (A) special education due process rules, hearings, and procedure; and
      - (B) federal and state special education laws;
  - (3) require, if the representative receives monetary compensation from a person for representation in an impartial due process hearing, that the representative agree to abide by a voluntary code of ethics and professional conduct during the period of representation; and
  - (4) require, if the representative receives monetary compensation from a person for representation in an impartial due process hearing, that the representative enter into a written agreement for representation with the person who is the subject of the special education due process hearing that includes a process for resolving any disputes between the representative and the person.
- (e) The written agreement for representation required under Subsection (b)(4) is considered confidential and may not be disclosed.
  - SECTION 2. This Act applies beginning with the 2017–2018 school year.
- SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

Passed the Senate on May 15, 2017: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House on May 24, 2017: Yeas 146, Nays 0, two present not voting.

Approved June 12, 2017.

Effective June 12, 2017.

# RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES OR ERRORS INVOLVING THE AD VALOREM TAXATION OF THE SAME PROPERTY BY MULTIPLE TAXING UNITS OF THE SAME TYPE AS A RESULT OF DISPUTED, OVERLAPPING, OR ERRONEOUSLY APPLIED BOUNDARIES

# **CHAPTER 768**

S.B. No. 2242

# AN ACT

relating to the resolution of disputes or errors involving the ad valorem taxation of the same property by multiple taxing units of the same type as a result of disputed, overlapping, or erroneously applied boundaries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Chapter 72, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 72.010 to read as follows:

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- Sec. 72.010. SUIT TO ESTABLISH BOUNDARIES OF AND TAXES OWED TO CERTAIN COUNTIES OR TAXING UNITS LOCATED IN THOSE COUNTIES. (a) In this section:
  - (1) "Like taxing units" means counties or other taxing units that are of the same type as one another and that by law may not include the same geographic territory.
    - (2) "Taxing unit" has the meaning assigned by Section 1.04, Tax Code.
  - (b) This section applies only to:
  - (1) a county that has a population of less than 400,000 and contains a municipality with a population of at least 300,000;
  - (2) a county that has a population of at least 50,000 and is adjacent to a county described by Subdivision (1); and
  - (3) a taxing unit other than a county that has territory in a county described by Subdivision (1) or (2).
- (c) If, as a result of disputed, overlapping, or erroneously applied geographic boundaries between like taxing units, multiple like taxing units have imposed ad valorem taxes on the same property, the property owner may file suit in the supreme court to:
  - (1) establish the correct geographic boundary between the taxing units; and
  - (2) determine the amount of taxes owed on the property and the taxing unit or units to which the taxes are owed.
- (d) The supreme court has original jurisdiction to hear and determine a suit filed under Subsection (c) and may issue injunctive or declaratory relief in connection with the suit.
- (e) The supreme court shall enter a final order determining a suit filed under Subsection (c) not later than the 90th day after the date the suit is filed.
- SECTION 2. Section 25.25, Tax Code, is amended by adding Subsection (p) to read as follows:
- (p) Not later than the 45th day after the date a dispute or error described by Section 72.010(c), Local Government Code, is resolved by an agreement between the taxing units under Section 31.112(c) of this code or by a final order of the supreme court entered under Section 72.010, Local Government Code, the chief appraiser of each applicable appraisal district shall correct the appraisal roll and other appropriate records as necessary to reflect the agreement or order.
- SECTION 3. Chapter 31, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 31.112 to read as follows:
- Sec. 31.112. REFUNDS OF PAYMENTS MADE TO MULTIPLE LIKE TAXING UNITS. (a) In this section, "like taxing units" has the meaning assigned by Section 72.010(a), Local Government Code.
- (b) This section applies only to taxing units described by Section 72.010(b), Local Government Code.
- (c) Like taxing units to which a property owner has made tax payments under protest as a result of a dispute or error described by Section 72.010(c), Local Government Code, may enter into an agreement to resolve the dispute or error. An agreement under this subsection:
  - (1) must establish the correct geographic boundary between the taxing units;
  - (2) may include an allocation between the taxing units of all or part of the taxes that were paid under protest before the dispute or error was resolved, less any amount that is required to be refunded to the property owner;
  - (3) must require the taxing units to refund to the property owner any amount by which the amount paid by the owner to the taxing units exceeds the amount due; and
    - (4) must be in writing.
  - (d) If a dispute or error described by Section 72.010(c), Local Government Code, is

resolved by the agreement of the taxing units, a refund required by Subsection (c)(3) of this section must be made not later than the 90th day after the date on which the agreement is made.

- (e) If a dispute or error described by Section 72.010(c), Local Government Code, is not resolved by the agreement of the taxing units and the supreme court enters a final order in a suit under Section 72.010, Local Government Code, determining the amount of taxes owed on the property and the taxing unit or units to which the taxes are owed, a refund required as a result of the order must be made not later than the 180th day after the date the order is entered.
  - (f) A refund under this section shall be accompanied by:
  - (1) a description sufficient to identify the property on which the taxes were imposed; and
    - (2) the tax account number, if applicable.
- (g) A collector making a refund under this section shall notify the auditor of each appropriate taxing unit not later than the 30th day after the date the refund is made.
  - SECTION 4. Sections 31.12(a) and (b), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) If a refund of a tax provided by Section 11.431(b), 26.07(g), 26.15(f), 31.11, [er] 31.111, or 31.112 is paid on or before the 60th day after the date the liability for the refund arises, no interest is due on the amount refunded. If not paid on or before that 60th day, the amount of the tax to be refunded accrues interest at a rate of one percent for each month or part of a month that the refund is unpaid, beginning with the date on which the liability for the refund arises.
  - (b) For purposes of this section, liability for a refund arises:
  - (1) if the refund is required by Section 11.431(b), on the date the chief appraiser notifies the collector for the unit of the approval of the late homestead exemption;
  - (2) if the refund is required by Section 26.07(g), on the date the results of the election to reduce the tax rate are certified;
    - (3) if the refund is required by Section 26.15(f):
    - (A) for a correction to the tax roll made under Section 26.15(b), on the date the change in the tax roll is certified to the assessor for the taxing unit under Section 25.25; or
    - (B) for a correction to the tax roll made under Section 26.15(c), on the date the change in the tax roll is ordered by the governing body of the taxing unit;
  - (4) if the refund is required by Section 31.11, on the date the auditor for the taxing unit determines that the payment was erroneous or excessive or, if the amount of the refund exceeds the applicable amount specified by Section 31.11(a), on the date the governing body of the unit approves the refund; [er]
  - (5) if the refund is required by Section 31.111, on the date the collector for the taxing unit determines that the payment was erroneous; or
  - (6) if the refund is required by Section 31.112, on the date required by Section 31.112(d) or (e), as applicable.

SECTION 5. Subchapter E, Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding Section 42.2532 to read as follows:

Sec. 42.2532. ADJUSTMENT FOR RESOLUTION OF DISPUTE OR ERROR RESULTING IN TAXATION OF SAME PROPERTY BY MULTIPLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS. The commissioner shall adjust the amounts due to a school district under this chapter and Chapter 46 as necessary to account for the resolution of a dispute or error involving the district and another district by an agreement between the districts entered into under Section 31.112(c), Tax Code, or by a final order of the supreme court entered under Section 72.010, Local Government Code.

SECTION 6. The changes in law made by this Act apply to ad valorem taxes imposed for a tax year beginning before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 7. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

Passed the Senate on April 20, 2017: Yeas 31, Nays 0; the Senate concurred in House amendment on May 26, 2017: Yeas 31, Nays 0; passed the House, with amendment, on May 19, 2017: Yeas 143, Nays 1, two present not voting.

Approved June 12, 2017.

Effective June 12, 2017.

# ACCESS TO AND BENEFITS FOR MENTAL HEALTH CONDITIONS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS

## **CHAPTER 769**

H.B. No. 10

### AN ACT

relating to access to and benefits for mental health conditions and substance use disorders.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Subchapter B, Chapter 531, Government Code, is amended by adding Sections 531.02251 and 531.02252 to read as follows:

Sec. 531.02251. OMBUDSMAN FOR BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ACCESS TO CARE. (a) In this section, "ombudsman" means the individual designated as the ombudsman for behavioral health access to care.

- (b) The executive commissioner shall designate an ombudsman for behavioral health access to care.
- (c) The ombudsman is administratively attached to the office of the ombudsman for the commission.
- (d) The commission may use an alternate title for the ombudsman in consumer-facing materials if the commission determines that an alternate title would be beneficial to consumer understanding or access.
- (e) The ombudsman serves as a neutral party to help consumers, including consumers who are uninsured or have public or private health benefit coverage, and behavioral health care providers navigate and resolve issues related to consumer access to behavioral health care, including care for mental health conditions and substance use disorders.
  - (f) The ombudsman shall:
  - (1) interact with consumers and behavioral health care providers with concerns or complaints to help the consumers and providers resolve behavioral health care access issues;
  - (2) identify, track, and help report potential violations of state or federal rules, regulations, or statutes concerning the availability of, and terms and conditions of, benefits for mental health conditions or substance use disorders, including potential violations related to quantitative and nonquantitative treatment limitations;
  - (3) report concerns, complaints, and potential violations described by Subdivision (2) to the appropriate regulatory or oversight agency;
  - (4) receive and report concerns and complaints relating to inappropriate care or mental health commitment;
    - (5) provide appropriate information to help consumers obtain behavioral health care;
  - (6) develop appropriate points of contact for referrals to other state and federal agencies; and